Payday and Auto Title Lending in Texas



State of Texas 2020

Store Locations: 1,785

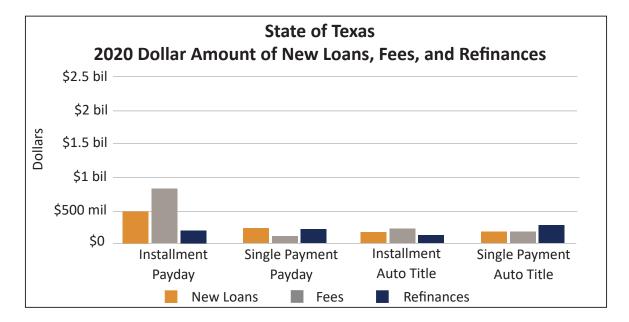
New Loans: \$1,069,637,182
 Fee Charges: \$1,394,578,472
 Refinances: \$847,043,023

Repossessions (Auto Title): 34,629 or 666 cars per week
 Repossession Rate: 23% of borrowers had car repossessed

Refinances and High Fees Continue to Drive Costs

Payday and auto title businesses in Texas offer two main loan types: single payment loans, due in full in 2 weeks or 1 month, and installment loans, due in a series of payments over a period of up to 6 months. Longer loan terms mean installment loans have fewer refinances, but even higher fees. Fees for one installment loan are often the same as fees charged for 5 to 12 single payment loans.

- Statewide, refinances make up 46% of single payment loan transactions.
- Installment loan borrowers paid a total of \$1.14 billion in fees for \$651 million in new loans, an average of \$176 in fees for every \$100 lent.
- Across all four loan types, the average cost to repay a \$500 loan with no refinances is \$580 to \$1,234.
 For borrowers who refinance, the average cost to repay a \$500 loan can reach over \$3,000.
 Average APRs for payday and auto title loans in Texas range from 194% to 499% (see table on back).





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Texas at a Glance: Profile of Loan Terms and Repayment, \$500 Loan

	Installment Payday	Single Payment Payday	Installment Auto Title	Single Payment Auto Title
Average Loan Term (Days)	153	22	158	30
Average Fees per \$100	\$142.66	\$23.32	\$110.14	\$15.11
Ave. Annual Percentage Rate (APR)	499%	397%	403%	194%
Amount Repaid with No Refinances	\$1,234.24	\$619.57	\$1,072.33	\$579.64
Ave. % of Borrowers Who Refinance in Same Quarter They Take Out a Loan	6.71%	30.36%	10.43%	27.65%
Average Refinances per Borrower	3.88	6.01	4.66	7.87
Amount Repaid with Ave. Refinances	\$4,080.20	\$1,338.00	\$3,739.63	\$1,206.24
Refinances as Percent of Total Number of Loan Transactions	17%	43%	29%	57%

Market Volume Declines; Repossession Rate Increases

The total value of new loans, fees, and refinances decreased by 36% from 2019 to 2020. During that same time period, the dollar value of new loans decreased by 36%, refinances fell by 42%, and fees fell by 31%. The number of vehicles repossessed by auto title lenders decreased by 19%, but the rate of repossessions per borrower increased from 18% of auto title borrowers losing a car in 2019 to 23% in 2020. Installment payday lending was the major driver of high fees statewide, making up 36% of the total dollars lent and 64% of the total fees collected.

